the new law controlling natural resource management, I attempt to explore the way mining over the past decade in NTT province has contributed to a new sense of the meaning of the province as a particular location of both national and local identity.

**Keywords:** Mining, Nusa Tenggara Timur, Recentralization, Natural Resources

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**The Chance for Improvement of Rural Women Human Resource and Leadership Quality by Means of Women School**

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Empowered community, especially empowered women is the key to a nation development success in particular for the purposes of reaching an equal justice for all. Empowered women will serve as important actors in forming sustainable development goals (SDGs), especially in support to ‘no one is left behind’ principle. There are various ways to help improve women empowerment. Women schools in rural areas in Indonesia become an important chance to reach the target, namely the sustainable development. Through the Women Schools, women living in rural areas get empowered as they gain more access to and direct involvement in the process of development. Gresik Women School is one such schools established by Institut KAPAL Perempuan in collaboration with the KPS2K (Kelompok Perempuan dan Sumber-Sumber Kehidupan = Women Group and Life Resources) institution. Gresik Women School has become a model for grass root women empowerment by means of life time learning and training process. The paper particularly discusses and criticizes the role of Women Schools in improving women human resource and leadership, using qualitative method in feminist perspective. In view of politics, they start to voice their rights including their active involvement in campaigns against prevention of child marriage. In term of social movement, they are able to strengthen gender solidarity and escape the patriarchy dominance for their individual and family empowerment. Economically, they are capable of dealing with unfavorable household issues, among others by developing sustainable agricultural as source of earning for them and their family.

**Keywords:** women empowerment, women leadership, practical and strategic gender interest satisfaction.

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**Post Formalization and Recentralization of Mining Policies: The Case of Mining Regulations and their Impacts in Central Kalimantan, Indonesia**

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Changes in mining policy in Indonesia in the past forty years have been numerous and varied; often contradict each other. This paper will look at how some events that underlie and then occur after changes in mining policies in Central Kalimantan. In particular, I will put more emphasis on responses at the local government and community level.

During the process of political reform that began in 1998, the mining business underwent major changes. The enactment of the law No 22/1999 on regional government, became the basis for the government at the district level to grant business licenses in the mining, forestry and other business